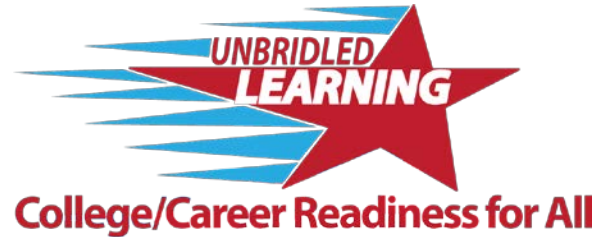


What do these standards mean for my child?

What a parent can expect from the Common Core (Kentucky Core Academic Standards)

Common Core better prepares your child for success.

The new standards – what your child should know and be able to do at each grade level – are aligned to college- and career-expectations so when your child graduates from high school, he or she will be ready to take the next step into a college/career and be successful.



The Common Core establishes clear expectations for students, including the ability to:

- apply math in real-world situations
- read and analyze both literature and informational text
- construct viable arguments and critique reasoning of others
- solve problems
- communicate effectively

Common Core is one of many changes in Kentucky public schools that when combined are designed to provide a world-class education for all students.

Rigorous standards, aligned assessments, teacher and leader effectiveness, and professional learning and growth of our educators all work together to maximize student potential and ensure college/career-readiness for all students. The system promotes:

- deeper understanding of the key concepts students need to succeed as independent thinkers
- students' ability to apply knowledge to real-world situations
- instruction that places more emphasis on understanding and application as opposed to memorization and test taking

The standards are structured so that students build upon what they learn. Concepts become increasingly complex as the student moves from grade to grade.

Your child will be prepared to compete for the best jobs.

Because the standards are on par with what is being taught in other states and leading countries around the world, your child will be ready for the newest 21st-century jobs and to compete in the global economy.

The Common Core allows for local decision making.

The standards provide a framework for learning expectations; they do not dictate curriculum. The Kentucky Board of Education is responsible for establishing standards in the various content areas. Local school boards, administrators and teachers are responsible for determining how to teach the standards, including selection of instructional materials and instructional practices.

Common Core saves you money.

Because the standards are more rigorous and aligned with college/career expectations, your child is less likely to need remediation in college – courses that cost money but don't count toward a degree. Students who don't have to take these remedial courses are more likely to complete college and earn a degree.

Even if your child doesn't go to college, he or she should be better equipped with the skills they need to land a good paying job and become financially independent at an earlier age.

Common Core is working!

Since implementation of the Common Core (Kentucky Core Academic Standards), we've seen improved college/career-readiness rates, improved graduation rates, lower remediation costs and more successful transitions to college and career.

Common Core assessments more accurately reflect student preparation than previous state tests.

- Test scores dropped the first year under the Common Core, because the standard changed from basic proficiency to college- and career-readiness, which demands more of our students.
- Scores will be low for a few years but start improving the longer the standards are taught. Remember we've raised the bar. Just like a high jumper who is used to clearing six feet, if the bar goes up to 12 feet, it takes them a while to learn what they have to do to clear it. They have to train and refine their technique. It will take time for teachers and students to get used to the more rigorous standards and the kind of teaching and learning they demand. Scores should start to rebound as students build a stronger foundational knowledge based on the standards and educators gain greater experience teaching them.
- The college- and career-readiness standard is aligned with postsecondary expectations and requires more than rote memorization for tests. Students are required to think creatively, critically, reason and solve problems – skills they must learn and that will serve them well in the long run.
- With new state tests, parents should be able to tell as early as 3rd grade if their student is on track for college/career-readiness, and if not, inquire what is being done to get them back on track.
- The results of the Kentucky tests are more closely aligned to results from the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), known as the nation's report card. This national assessment measures student success at a much higher level than most state tests have in the past.
- This is the first step on a path of continuous improvement for districts, schools, teachers and students.
- Stay the course and don't get discouraged by lower test scores. This is the right thing for kids to ensure they are ready for college/career and to compete in a global economy.
- The results from K-PREP and high school End-of-Course exams are crucial to planning and progress. Our schools, districts and the state all review the data when determining how to improve.
- Remember, our focus is on college/career-readiness for all students. Progress toward that goal is being made as reflected in our college/career-readiness rate.

Should you move, your child can pick up where he/she left off.

With more than 45 states implementing the Common Core, if you move, your child won't have to start over with standards based on different expectations at different grade levels leaving them vulnerable to learning gaps. The Common Core is portable.

Despite what detractors want you to believe, Common Core has a lot of support in Kentucky.

A recent poll by the Kentucky School Boards Association (KSBA) revealed more than 90 percent of school boards support Common Core; TELL KY Survey results show that 97 percent of teachers are teaching curriculum aligned with Common Core; and according to a survey of more than 6,700 Kentucky teachers, 77 were enthusiastic about teaching the standards; 90 percent agree the standards are more rigorous than previous standards and the majority believe the standards will have positive effect on the college/career-readiness of students.

